



THE GREEN MOVEMENT OF SRI LANKA INC.

Working...

For the harmonious co-existence
of the earth,
its plants,
its animals
and its people



for equality
for equity
for quality

VITAL STATISTICS

Name: The Green Movement of Sri Lanka Inc.

Acronym: GMSL

Address: 106/B/1/1, Hokandara South, Hokandara Sri Lanka

Status: National Non-Governmental Organization

Registration type: Incorporated by Parliament Act, No. 59 of 2007

Registration number: L-104302 (2005.10.31) (National NGO Secretariat)

Staff: 15 main staff, 10 part time staff & 300+ volunteers

Auditors: S & A Associates, Kreston MNS & Co.

Movement members: 140 rural CBOs and area NGOs

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suranjan@gmsl.lk;

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WE BELIEVE AND ARE COMMITTED TO

Knowing the truth, speaking it and acting on it without fear or favor
Being kind to all regardless of their agendas, strengths and weaknesses

Being accountable to the people of Sri Lanka, our partners and well wishes

Being completely transparent in and accountable in all our activities

Having zero tolerance for things that causes even the slightest suffering to human beings and nature

Knowing that the future depends on sustainable human development and the conservation of nature and ensuring that future

WE LIKE TO BE like THE BEE...

The bee draws nectar off a flower without harming either its color or its fragrance, and ensures the survival of genetic strains by facilitating cross pollination. A wise man once observed: "The sky does not become less private although it belongs to everyone else". In other words, our individuality is not necessarily disturbed by sensitivity to and identification with the collective. The bee, we should not forget is an insect that knows "community". This is why, when the ancients tell us to follow the example of the bee, they are in fact advising us that gentleness alone will not save us, or our earth. We firmly believe that it is the tenderness of solidarity deeply rooted in traditional wisdom which empowers better and beneficial engagement. This way, we believe, leads to a full flowering of gentleness on the earth, in her waters and her skies.

The harmonious co-existence of the earth,
its plants, its animals and its people

To lobby for universal environment awareness and preservation
of nature as an integral part of quality human living

OUR VISION

OUR MISSION

OUR DONORS

The GMSL has over the years built up a very staunch and willing group of donor agencies to help us in our cause for a harmonious interrelationship between the earth and its inhabitants. With democratic ownership being a core requisite for our engagement of those who provide us with material and financial assistance, we work with some of the most transparent, accountable and empathetic donor agencies in the world and work in partnership with them to ensure that the real needs of the people of Sri Lanka are adequately and sustainably addressed.

THEY SUPPORTED US OVER THE YEARS

 <p>USAID (Vanni Agricultural Livelihoods Upscaling and Enhancement)</p>	 <p>ACTION FOR PEACE CAPABILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY (APCAS)</p>
 <p>THE DEVELOPMENT FUND OF NORWAY (Core assistance in natural resources, climate change and democratic governance)</p>	 <p>INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR CONSERVATION OF NATURE (Rehabilitation of lagoon eco-systems)</p>
 <p>THE UNDP SMALL GRANTS PROGRAM OF THE GLOBAL ENVIRONMENT FACILITY (Youth brigade and climate response)</p>	 <p>CANADIAN INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Rehabilitation support)</p>
 <p>THE MORE AND BETTER CAMPAIGN (Food sovereignty and aid effectiveness)</p>	 <p>FREDSKORPSET NORWAY (Agriculture – regional knowledge exchange)</p>
 <p>OXFAM BELGIUM (Water and Sanitation)</p>	 <p>OXFAM AUSTRALIA (Aid advocacy and agriculture policy)</p>
 <p>AUS-AID (Post-tsunami rehab – emergency response)</p>	 <p>THE ASIA FOUNDATION (Legal relief for disaster victims)</p>
 <p>COOPERAZIONE INTERNAZIONALE (Post-tsunami rehab - housing)</p>	 <p>UNITY AND CORPORATION FOR DEVELOPMENT OF PEOPLES (Post-tsunami rehab - housing)</p>
 <p>THE SAHANA PROJECT (Post-tsunami rehab - housing)</p>	 <p>REALITY OF AID (Development effectiveness)</p>
 <p>IRISH HUMANITARIAN ORGANIZATION (Post-Tsunami rehab - agriculture)</p>	 <p>INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT (Democratization of agricultural research)</p>
 <p>FORD FOUNDATION (Post-Tsunami rehab - agriculture)</p>	

THE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

Areas of operation: All 25 districts of Sri Lanka

CLEANING RAVAGED ECOSYSTEMS AND RESPONDING TO DISASTERS



PROTECTING PRESTINE TERRAIN



MOBILIZING YOUTH



STREET CAMPAIGNS FOR ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION



Total number of families directly assisted by the program: 150,000

Families indirectly benefitted by the program: All Sri Lankan Citizens

Gender breakdown: 62% women, 38% men

Ethnic breakdown: In proportion to national ethnic distribution

Core areas addressed: Nurturing and sustaining the natural resource base of Sri Lanka for the enrichment of future generations, ensuring quality management of natural resources, prevention of exploitative practices, campaigning to prevent environment disasters, educating citizens on environment friendly lives and livelihoods, policy advocacy on sustainable environment regeneration, supporting the government in international environmental policy debates

Specific activities to-date: Changed legislature to prevent sand mining, provided advice on the COP process to the government, supported the framework process for a biodiversity policy, addressed over 1000 localized environmental issues, addressed over 100 national environment related issues, took legal action in over 200 specific instances in district courts, appeals court and the supreme court, resisted and/or prevented ill-planned large scale projects such as the STDP. PAM, Sethusanudram from damaging the environment and communities, trained over 5000 school children in environment aware local action, campaigned against poisons in pesticides, supported the formulation of policy on water shed management

Recently Focused On: Expansion of the program in the North and East of Sri Lanka as a mechanism for preventing environment damage resulting from ill-planned, accelerated development projects and recommending alternative development processes, consolidating civil responses in the south and ensuring development is sensitized to natural resource optimization

THE FOOD SOVERIGNTY AND SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE PROGRAM

Areas of operation: All 25 districts of Sri Lanka

Total number of families directly assisted by the program: 50,000

Families indirectly benefitted by the program: 200,000

Gender breakdown: 97% women, 3% men

Ethnic breakdown: In proportion to national ethnic distribution

Core areas addressed: Increased awareness of ecological agriculture, harmonization of human-environment interface, improvement of soil and water health, optimization of land and agro-biodiversity, increasing micro-ecosystem services, increase in growing and harvesting options for rural communities, increase in economic stability, community biodiversity management, empowerment of women, improved resilience to climate change, increase in choice and quality of food consumed by rural communities, improvement of health amongst rural farming populations with emphasis on children/pregnant and lactating mothers, supporting government initiatives for ecological agricultural policy solutions

Specific activities to-date: Expanding of Sustainable Nutritional Gardens (SNGs) in southern districts, research into low cost food preservation, research into low cost salinity and alkalinity reduction, promotion of ecological agriculture through training programs, feature articles, radio programs and TV debates, assistance to the PGRC, Agriculture department and Ministry of Agriculture on formulating sustainable frameworks for agrarian practice focused on small scale farming

Recently focused on: Expansion of the program in the North and East of Sri Lanka as a mechanism for mainstreaming small-scale farmers and improving human security through high quality, environment sustaining, agricultural practice, expand and scale up community based agro-biodiversity management in the south

PROVIDE TRAINING AND SUPPLY KEY INPUTS



APPROPRIATE TECHNOLOGY AND LAND OPTIMIZATION



ECOSYSTEMS APPROACH



HIGH QUALITY, HIGH IMPACT RESULTS



THE FISHERIES, AQUATIC AND COASTAL RESOURCES PROGRAM

Areas of operation: All coastal districts of Sri Lanka

Total number of families directly assisted by the program: Over 100,000

Families indirectly benefitted by the program: 300,000

Gender breakdown: 34% women, 66% men

Ethnic breakdown: In proportion to national ethnic distribution

Core areas addressed: Increase solidarity amongst fisheries groups, increase capacity of fisheries cooperatives, support conservation of fisheries based coastal eco-systems, identification of community problems through tribunal processes, emergency response to disasters, long term recovery of disaster affected coastal communities, disaster preparedness of vulnerable coastal communities, expansion of livelihood options of fisher folk, addressing legal problems of coastal communities, sustainable , inclusive and environment sensitive coastal tourism development

Specific activities to-date: The most successful post-tsunami community rehabilitation and reconstruction program initiated by a CSO in Sri Lanka, creating of disaster preparedness maps in seven coastal districts, building capacity of fisheries corporative societies, livelihood enhancement, introduction of sustainable tourism activities for fisher folk, preventing development aggression from hurting traditional fisheries activities, expansion of livelihood options by introducing agricultural practices to fisher communities, changing disaster act to be people centric

Recently focused on: Expansion of the program in the North and East of Sri Lanka and consolidating capacity building activities of fisheries societies in southern coastal regions, conservation of coastal environmental hotspots, engagement in coastal tourism activities involving local communities, preventing development aggression affecting coastal communities, improving disaster response systems for coastal communities

950 HOUSES FOR FISHING COMMUNITIES AFFECTED BY THE TSUNAMIS



HABARADUWA

TIRUKKOVIL

KALAMETIYA

FISHERIES INPUTS FOR SMALL SCALE FISHER FOLK



LIVELIHOOD TRAINING



COASTAL DISASTER PLANS



LEGAL AID



CHANGING DISASTER ACT



COMMUNITY RESPONSE TO DISASTERS AND CLIMATE CHANGE PROGRAM

Areas of operation: Climate hotspots in all 25 districts of Sri Lanka

Total number of families directly assisted by the program: 2,500

Families indirectly benefitted by the program: All Sri Lankan Citizens

Gender breakdown: Approximately 50% women, 50% men

Ethnic breakdown: In proportion to national ethnic distribution

Core areas addressed: Playing a key organizational role in creating a network for citizens to respond to climate change, engage in identifying appropriate responses in specific sectors, support eco-friendly livelihood activities, create enabling environment for moving from black to green technologies, engage the government in formulating people friendly response strategies within a framework of sustainable and regenerative development, disaster management, support the government in international debates on climate policy, engage internationally to determine global people's responses to climate change

Specific activities to-date: Created the primary apex of CSOs working on climate change in Sri Lanka - the People's Secretariat for Climate Change, Identified sector based response mechanisms, supported the government in formulating the climate change policy, climate education policy for the UNFCCC and the climate adaptation policy, worked with grass roots communities in mitigating the effects of climate change and responding to disasters, formulated a people's action plan for disaster preparedness and climate response, identified sector-wise best practices in building disaster and climate resilience at the rural level, worked with the government to strategize legislative changes based on sustainable, people centric disaster and climate policies.

Recently focused on: Expansion of the program in the North and East of Sri Lanka and ensure climate friendly development takes place in these regions, ensure that highly vulnerable communities across the country are provided with capacity to minimize the effects of climate change and work towards stabilizing government policy and institutional arrangements to respond sustainably to climate threats

GRASS ROOTS CLIMATE AWARENESS AND DISASTER PREPAREDNESS



NATIONAL ADVOCACY AND POLICY DEBATES



PEOPLE DRIVEN CLIMATE AND DISASTER RESPONSE



HOLISTIC SUPPORT FOR PEOPLE'S CLIMATE STRATEGIES



THE YOUTH BRIGADE PROGRAM

CHARTING THEIR DESTINY AND THOSE OF THEIR COMMUNITIES



YOUTH TRAINING AND SUPPORTING YOUTH



INDIAN AND DANISH YOUTH WORK SIDE BY SIDE WITH OUR YOUNGSTERS



DISASTER RESPONSE



ENVIRONMENT ACTIVISM



NATURE CLEANUP



Areas of operation: Hambanthota, Moneragala, Badulla, Nuwara Eliya, Kandy, Matale, Ampara, Batticaloa, Trincomalee, Jaffna, Vavuniya, Mannar, Kilinochchi, Mullaitivu

Total number of families directly assisted by the program: Over 100,000

Families indirectly benefitted by the program: 300,000

Gender breakdown: 40% women, 60% men

Ethnic breakdown: 38% Sinhalese, 48% Tamil, 14% Muslim

Core areas addressed: Expansion of popular base for environmental movements, empowerment of rural youth, catalyzing grass-roots environmental activism, engagement of youth in watchdog activities on development, encouraging sustainable livelihoods amongst youth, encouraging entrepreneurship amongst youth, encouraging volunteerism amongst youth, creating youth community leaders, creating youth cells trained in responding to natural disasters and other emergencies, connecting local youth activists to international youth groups

Specific activities to-date: Support for emergency responses to frequent mid-range disasters such as floods, droughts and landslides and temporal response to large scale disasters such as tsunamis, extreme flooding and extreme droughts, supporting communities in preparing for climate threats, providing information on potential development disasters, training in eco-friendly rural livelihoods

Recently focused on: Expansion of the program in the North and East of Sri Lanka with emphasis on inter-ethnic and inter-religious harmonization, responding to pre-identified environmental issues through direct youth intervention and through mobilizing communities, supporting the activities of the other programs of the GMSL at the district level, consolidating and optimization of southern youth brigade members, expansion of youth activities in entrepreneurship and knowledge acquisition in target areas of Sri Lanka where there is a high incidence of unemployment, un-employability and poverty

THE AID AND DEVELOPMENT EFFECTIVENESS PROGRAM

Areas of operation: All 25 districts of Sri Lanka

Target groups: Area residents of mega-scale projects, CSO staff, media personnel, politicians, academics, government officials

Gender breakdown: In proportion to national gender distribution

Ethnic breakdown: In proportion to national ethnic distribution

Core areas addressed: Act as the key change agent initiative of all GMSL citizen action, CSO development effectiveness, national development effectiveness, watchdog action on mega-scale projects, advocacy and advice on national policy and legislative exercises, creating linkages between key development players, media education, research on high quality development practices, strategizing holistic development practices, creating the enabling environment for optimizing resource management

Specific activities to-date: Convened the Public Campaign on Aid and Development Effectiveness (PCADE), engaged in the global policy debate on aid delivery from Paris to Accra to Busan, created guidelines for CSO effectiveness as an independent development actor, created the enabling environment for academics, CSOs, government, businesses and the media to work towards common and holistic development goals, supported global CSO efforts to develop a valid outcome document for HLF IV in Busan.

Recently focused: Ensure democratic governance in the north-east sector of Sri Lanka, ensure CSO adherence to the Istanbul Principles, increase capacity of CSOs to engage in the development debate, develop post-Busan strategy for creating the enabling environment for CSOs to be more effective development actors, work within a multi-sector framework to ensure equitable development effectiveness based on democratic ownership

ENGAGEMENT OF THE OECD-DAC PROCESS TO HLF IV



LOCAL CSO INITIATIVES ON EFFECTIVENESS



REGIONAL SYNTHESIS AND RESEARCH INITIATIVES



AREA SPECIFIC EFFECTIVE DEVELOPMENT - LUNUGAMVEHERA



TRAINING CENTRE



MODEL HOMES



STUDENT DORMITORIES



DAM AND SLUICE GATE RECONSTRUCTION

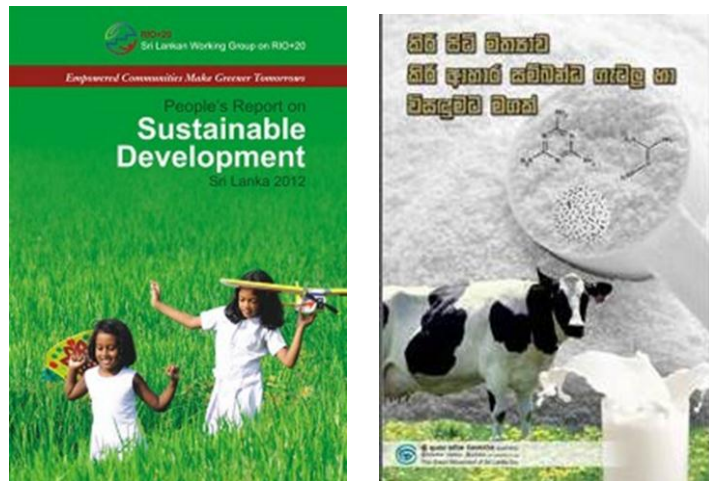


IRRIGATION CANAL CONSTRUCTION

AWARENESS, MEDIA ADVOCACY AND COMMUNICATION PROGRAM



MAGAZINES AND LEAFLETS



REPORTS



RALLIES AND STREET DRAMA

Areas of operation: All 25 districts of Sri Lanka

Target Groups: Media, CBO members, students, teachers, communities affected by various issues and general public

Ethnic breakdown: In proportion to national ethnic distribution

Core areas addressed: Enhancement of the knowledge base of media personal, teachers and students, empowerment of communities affected by environmental issues with information on, and improvement of the environmental understanding of general public using diverse ways and methods

Specific activities to-date: Convened media workshops on a wide variety of issues such as climate change, health and diseases, food, milk food consumption, water pollution, publication of *Arana* the magazine of the GMSL (in both Sinhala and Tamil languages reaching all ethnic groups), Issuing reports of important national level issues, maintaining the organisational website (www.gmsl.lk), use of methods such as rallies and street drama to create awareness, conducted a 6 month course on environment targeting young and emerging environmental and media activists, updating a news blog (<http://srilankangreens.blogspot.com/>) containing news links of leading newspapers in Sri Lanka on a daily basis for 5 years between 2011-2016

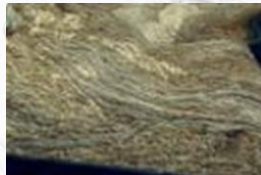


SNAPSHOTS OF OUR SUSTAINABLE SUCCESSES – CONSERVATION AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT

RESOURCEFULNESS WHEN TRAGEDY STARES THE NATION IN THE FACE

The valiant efforts of the natural resources team in the aftermath of the Koggala oil spill

No one was prepared. Oil spills are what we hear about from vague sources and mumblings of “Exxon”, “Valdez”, “Litigation”, “Compensation: and combinations thereof. Such things happen to large, bare shores in lands far far away. Until the unthinkable happened in the seas just off Koggala where a ship that had no business being in the water literally broke in two dumping thousands of gallons of toxic oils and fuels into the seas just shouting distance from some of the most diverse and pristine ecological coastal phenomena in Sri Lanka. The Green natural resources team was not caught napping. They had been fighting for years to get unseaworthy vessels out of the water and alerting coastal communities to the dangers of just such a situation. Launching ourselves into the breach with the zeal and commitment only the Greens can muster, the team worked with coastal villagers, cajoled the coast guard, marine pollution authority and even the army to help in containing the spill before it reached inland and hit the fabled Madol Duwa area. Lack of high powered equipment and lack of funds did not deter the teams. Even while they were being sickned by inhaling toxic fumes from the oil, they constructed makeshift barriers using net, mesh and of all things – plantain trees. They literally soaped and waters thousands of crustaceans, birds and other creatures in a valiant effort to save the eco-system. Three weeks, hospital visits on rotation, driven into the ground by exhaustion, the area was saved and a terrible disaster averted and the government and many others started reviewing strategy!



TOXIC SLUDGE



THE TEAM DEPLOYS



WORKING WITH THE COMMUNITY



CONSTRUCTING THE BARRIER



BANANA TRUNK BARRIER DEPLOYED



COLLECTING OIL IN SMALL BOATS



HITECH = 0/10, RAW COURAGE, MOTIVATION, RESOURCEFULNESS AND INNOVATION = 10/10, RESULT = 100/100!



TURNING A HOUSE INTO A HOME

The storied post-tsunami response of the Green Movement

Before the greatest tragedy to hit Sri Lanka – the Asian tsunamis of 2004, the GMSL was the only CSO (the only organization of any sort for that matter) that had a disaster management program set up exclusively for responding to just such an event. As such, within 24 hours of the tragedy, the GMSL was the only organization in Sri Lanka (or anywhere else in the world) who had an exact idea of the size and scope of the event – a fact attested to by the UN reports in the first few weeks which were the GMSL reports on the disaster! Not content with simply responding reactively to the emergency which is a disastrous option (as we all found out in the so-called post-disaster efforts of NGOs, businesses and the government), the GMSL swung carefully prepared plans to ensure that victimized communities were left in a better condition than they were before the problem. Using its holistic effective development paradigm, the movement swiftly to select four of the most marginalized communities victimized by the tsunamis who also lived in highly threatened and vulnerable environment hotspots in Kalutara, Habaraduwa, Kalametiya and Tirukkivil and proceeded to intervene through a multi-disciplinary strategy that resulted in “the most successful post-tsunami rehabilitation program in Asia” according to analysts. “Turning a house into a home” was achieved within three years by immediate gap filling emergency responses, constructing eco-friendly dwellings that were disaster resistant, ensuring water security, development fisheries activities, encouraging livelihood expansion through agricultural activities, introducing sustainable tourism and encouraging entrepreneurship in all four sites. The photographs below of Kalametiya bear testimony to the impact of strategized, people centric development modalities and underscore the potential for the government to engage in such processes to ensure lasting and equitable development.



KALAMETIYA DESTROYED



QUICK TEMPORARY SHELTERS



SUSTAINABLE HOUSES

HOLISTIC INTERVENTION AND EFFECTIVE DEVELOPMENT AT ITS BEST



FISHER FOLK IN AGRICULTURE!!



WATER SECURITY



PRIMARY LIVELIHOOD SECURITY

THE NETWORKS OF THE GREEN MOVEMENT

SRI LANKA MEMBERSHIPS

Central Environmental Authority NGO net
Committee on Biodiversity Management
IUCN national steering committee
People's Secretariat on Climate Change
People's Coalition on Aid and Development

REGIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL MEMBERSHIPS

Better Aid Coordinating Group (BACG)
Reality of Aid (RoA)
Asia Pacific Research Network
Water for People Network Asia (W4PN)
Community Agro-biodiversity Network SA
FredsKorpset Norway
Global Greens Network
Asia Pacific Network on Food Sovereignty
More and Better Global Campaign
Jubilee South
CSO Open Forum
People's Movement on Climate Change Asia-Pacific
Democratizing agriculture Research in South Asia
Asian Conference on the Financial Crisis
Aid transparency Initiative
Climate Action Network South Asia
CSO Open Forum
Asia Pacific Conference on Climate Change
Democratizing agriculture Research in South Asia
Asian Conference on the Financial Crisis
Aid transparency Initiative
IUCN, MMF Country steering committee

MEMBERS OF THE GREEN MOVEMENT OF SRI LANKA INC.

WESTERN PROVINCE

Senehasa Environmental Society
Partners of Environment Protection
Women's Corporative Society Ltd.(Women's bank)
Solid Waste Recycling Forum
Integrated Diriya Women's Society
Integrated Samagi Women's Society
Vikalpani National Women's Organization
Kiriberiyakele Senior Citizens Organization
Arunodaya Parisarikayo (Arunodaya Environmentalists)
Environment and Consumer Protection Committee

Committee for the People's Rights
Community and Environment Development Foundation
Haritha Mithuro,(Friends of Green),
Siyapatha Environmental Society
Arunalu Integrated Development Fund
Integrated Social Development Foundation,
Community Oriented Research Exchange (CORE),

Kukuleganga Journalists Forum
The friends of biodiversity

SOUTHERN PROVINCE

Human Resources and Environment Development Centre,
Sathwijaya Foundation
Hikkaduwa Participatory Development Foundation
Prajasakthi Development Foundation
United Welfare Society-Eppala
Community Development Organizational Forum.
Rural women's Front (RWF),

Young Environmental Forum
Rural Development Society
Wilpita Samagi Little Tea Estate Development Society
Surasa Development Foundation,
Low country Community Development Forum
Sadaham Mithuro Committee Federation
Southern Friendship Community Development Foundation
Magama Gemunu Productions Farmers Organization.

Hambantota District Milk Producers Co-operative Society ,
Sakthi Farmer's Organization
Biodiversity Environmental Organization
Red Crescent Friends Society,
Women Development Services Centre
Rotawala Integrated Organization
Magama - Kirinda Sand belt Conservation Organization.

NORTHERN PROVINCE

Rural Women Forum (RWF)
Chendikulam Federation of Community Organization
Center for Child Development
Manithal

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCE

Panduwasnuwara Rural Development and Welfare Organization
Rural Centre for Development
PERLES

Mihisara Environmental Organization
Mihikatha Environmental Organization

UVA PROVINCE

Pahala Uva Human Resources Conservation Organization
Wellassa Development Foundation
Kaudawa - Navoda Isuru samajaya
Prathiba Women's Organization
Human Development Forum

Saraswathi Women's Organization
Samagi Development Women's Organization
D-C 4,5 Isura Farmers Organization
Pahala Uva Human Resources Conservation Organization
Wellassa Development Foundation
Kaudawa - Navoda Isuru samajaya
Kinigama Vegetable and Fruits production and selling Organization
Biodiversity Research and Training Institute (BRIT)
Social Development Organization - Haputhale
Kandurata development Foundation

NORTH-CENTRAL PROVINCE

Diriya Wildlife community Based Organization
Wanni Community Development Foundation
Natural Resources Conservators Society
Young Foundation of Prevention Kidney Diseases
Haritha Piyasa Group
Wevusiri Group -Eliyadivulwewa

EASTERN PROVINCE

Rural Economic & Community Development Organization
National Collaboration Development Foundation
Working Women's Development Fund
Community Resources Development Centre
SIM Sri Lanka
Green Co Organization
Panampatthuwa Environment Exploration Society
Natural Environmental Social Development Organization
Nutrition Education Social Service Organization
MADIUGAM

SABARAGAMUWA PROVINCE

Environment Conservation Children Rights Preservation
Integrated Community Development Women's Society
Sinharaja Sumithuro
Community Development Centre
Sri Lanka Environmental Exploration Society
Warakapola Collective Development Foundation
Participatory Development Organization
Nirmanee Development Foundation
Thunkorale Herbal and Ornamental Plants growers Society
Epex Organization

CENTRAL PROVINCE

Nirmanana Sri Lanka
Centre for Human Right Protection
Green Life Sri Lanka
Rathnaloka Women's Group
Parisara Piyasa Organization
Kandurata Community development Forum
Organization of Environment Conservation and Science Exploration
Community Development Foundation - Kundasale
Centre for Environment and Agrarian Affairs
Estate Women Development Organization
Medadumbara - milk Producers Corporative Society Ltd.
Walapane Rural Collaboration Organization
Isuru Jeevithodaya Founadation
Awadi Lanka
Sri Lanka Centre for Sustainable Alternative Solutions
Siyetal Movement
Wanadiyadahara Environment Organization
Environment Conservation and Exploration Society
Environment and nature Development Forum
Rural Development Federation

CROSS SECTIONS